

REPUBLIC OF TURKEY MINISTRY OF ECONOMY GENERAL DIRECTORATE OF INCENTIVE IMPLEMENTATION AND FOREIGN INVESTMENT

INTERNATIONAL DIRECT INVESTMENT CLIMATE IN TURKEY

November, 2012



OUTLINE

- ✓ Scope and Definition of FDI in Turkey
- Basic Principles Concerning FDI Regime in Turkey
- Company Registration
- Real Estate Acquisition of Foreigners

✓ Work Permits



DEFINITION OF FOREIGN INVESTOR

Foreign Investor

- ✓ Foreign real persons
- Turkish nationals resident abroad
- Foreign legal entities
 established under the
 laws of foreign countries
- ✓ International institutions



FDI

- Establishing a new company
- Establishing a branch of a foreign company,
- Share acquisitions from a company established in Turkey

by a foreign investor



- Facilitates business connections between the parent (foreign) company and the firms in Turkey
- Initial operational permit for 3 years
- Possibility of extending operational permits
- Permitted fields of activity:
 - Representation and hosting,
 - Control, inspection and provision of local suppliers,
 - Technical support,
 - Communication and transfer of information,
 - NEW CONCEPT- REGIONAL MANAGEMENT HEADQUARTERS: START-UP PERMISSION FOR 10 YEARS



NEW TREND : TURKEY AS A REGIONAL HEADQUARTERS FOR MULTINATIONALS

	MNCs	Number Of Countries Managed From Turkey
Concola	Coca Cola	94
GE Healthcore	GE Healthcare	80
Microsoft	Microsoft	80
(intel)	Intel	67
	Unilever	36
Verifone.	Verifone	30
esk	GlaxoSmithKline	30
Schneider	Schneider Electric	27
ERICSSON	Ericsson	22
Cargill	Cargill	20
Pfizer	Pfizer	20
VOLVO	Volvo	18
🖬 • BASF	BASF	18
PEPSI	PepsiCo	14



FDI Regime

- National treatment
- No pre-entry screening /minimum capital requirements
- Right to acquire real estate
- Guarantee to free transfer of proceeds, dividends and other financial assets.
- Right to employ key expatriate staff
- Right to access international dispute settlement

International Agreements

- Bilateral Investment Treaties with 85 countries
- Double Taxation Agreements with 76 countries
- Customs Union with the EU
- Free Trade Agreements with **19** countries



International Agreements – Italy

- Bilateral Investment Treaty
 - Signature date : March 22, 1995
 - Come into force: March 2 , 2004
- Double Taxation Treaty



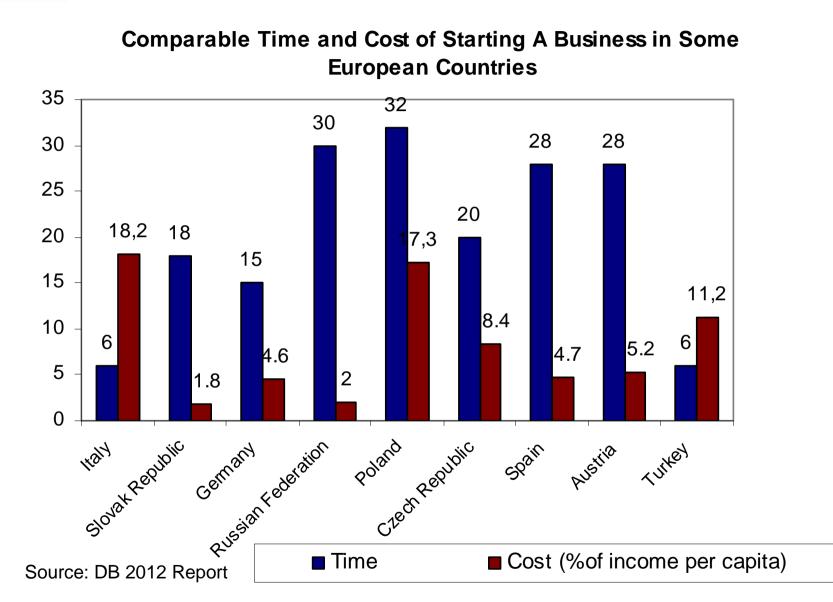
- Signature date : July 27, 1990
- Come into force: December 1, 1993



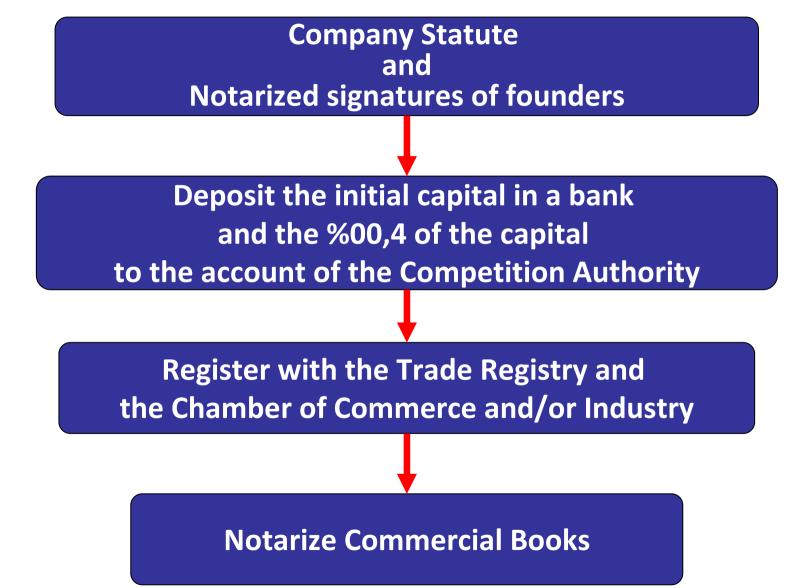
- Company establishment in one day
- Starting and operating a business on equal terms with local investors within the context of the new Turkish Commercial Code
- All types of companies are allowed
- Significant cost and time advantages
 comparing with the countries in the region













3 different types of foreigners in terms of real estate acquisitions:

- Foreign Real Persons
- Foreign Companies
- Turkish Companies with foreign capital

Different Acquisition Regimes



Foreign Real Persons

Foreign Companies

- Acquisition is possible for all nationalities without requiring "reciprocity"
- Acquisitions up to 30 hectares
- The total area of real estates can not exceed 10% of the privately owned land in the town.
- Requirement to develop a project within two years in case the acquisition of a vacant land

 Acquisition of real estate within the context of special laws such as Petroleum Law, Tourism Encouragement Law, Industrial Zones Law.

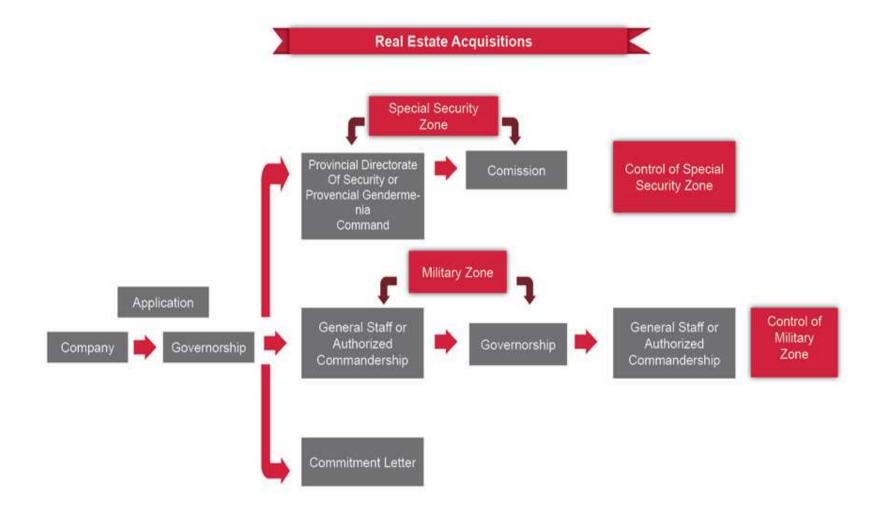


Turkish Companies With Foreign Capital

- No restriction on acquisition and utilization of real estates to conduct business activities listed in the Statute of Company
- Permission requirement for the acquisitions in military zones and special security zones from the military authorities and province governorship respectively
- Permission requirement is necessary only for foreign capital companies controlled by foreign investors.
- Exemptions to specific cases for flexibility: Pledge on real estates, liquidation of pledges, mergers and divisions of companies, acquisitions in specific investment zones, acquisitions by banks for the collection of their receivables.

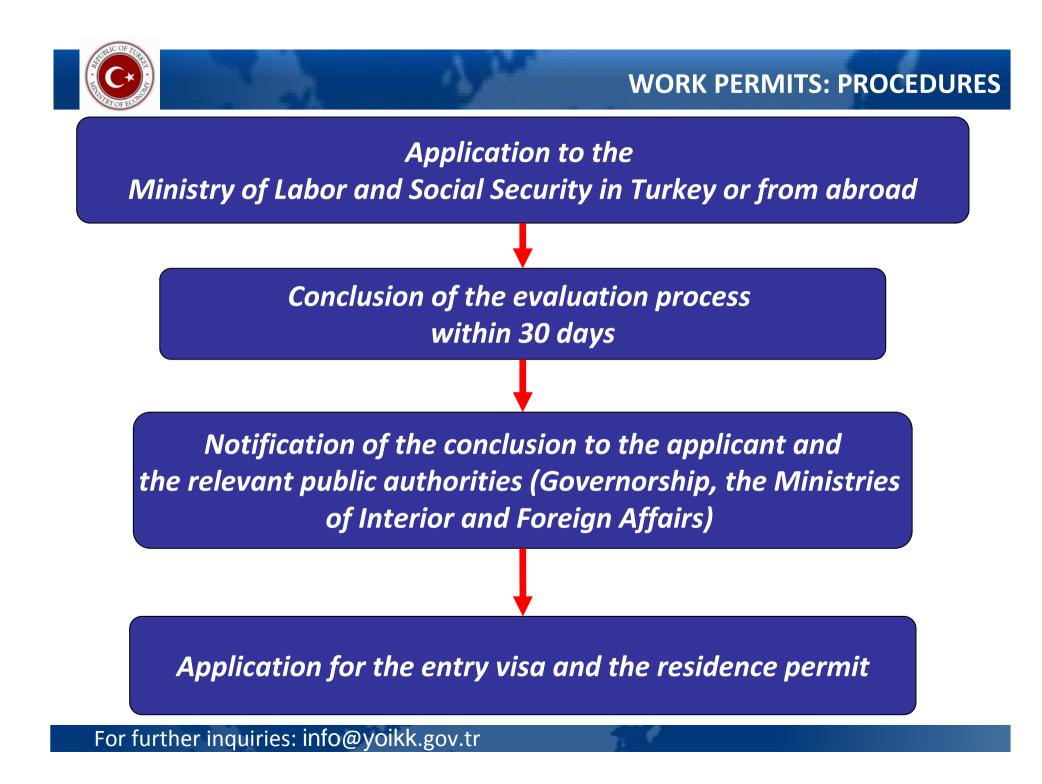
REAL ESTATE ACQUISITIONS BY TURKISH COMPANIES WITH FOREIGN CAPITAL







- Requirement to obtain a work permit before starting to work in Turkey
- Opportunity to submit and process the application electronically
- Various types of work permits depending on the status of the applicant
- ✓ 30-day statutory time limit to conclude the application





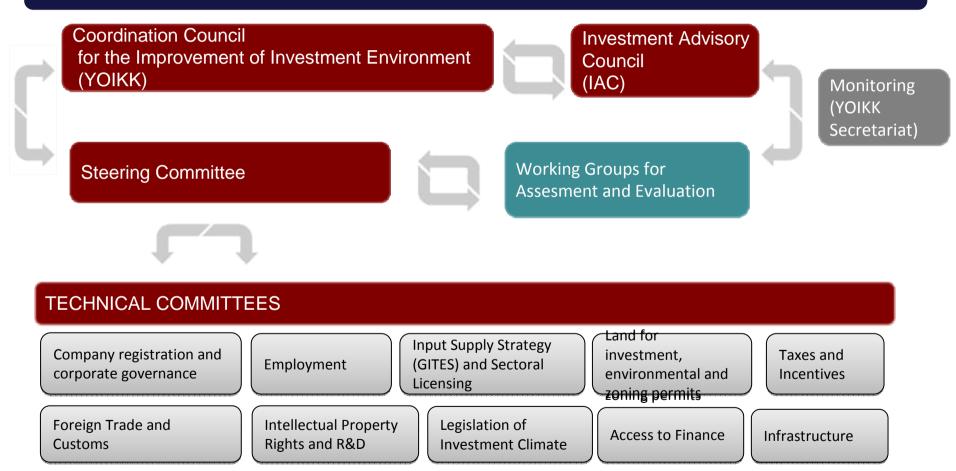
Improving investment climate : Moving target for the government since 2001



- Streamlining procedures for investments and eliminating administrative and bureaucratic hurdles in line with changing priorities and needs of business
- Political ownership
- Making full use of public-private dialogue through permanent platforms:
 - The Coordination Council for Improvement of Investment Climate
 - The Investment Advisory Council for Turkey







For more information: http://www.yoikk.gov.tr/eng



Working Groups for Assesment and Evaluation



Aim:

Assess the effects of the completed activities of YOİKK Technical Committees on investors



Groups:

Determined seperately for each assessment topic by YOİKK Steering Committee

Group Members:

- •The Union of Chambers and Commodity Exchanges of Turkey (TOBB)
- •The government body responsible from the assessment topic
- •3 other institution, given that YOİKK member NGOs are prioritized

Duty:

- Conduct Impact Assessment Studies on completed actions
- •Report the data to the Steering Committee in two months



Structures for Improving Investment Environment in Turkey

Investment Advisory Council

- Executives of leading multinational firms,
- Heads of international institutions (IMF, World Bank, European Investment Bank) and
- Heads of TOBB, TUSIAD, YASED, TIM.



Investment Advisory Council of Turkey had 7 meetings since 2004.



Contact Info:

Ministry of Economy

General Directorate for Incentive Implementation and

Foreign Investment

Ministry Phone: +90 312 204 6637

Counselor Phone:+39 02 545 6832

Fax: + 90 312 212 88 51

E-mail: info@yoikk.gov.tr

Web: www.economy.gov.tr